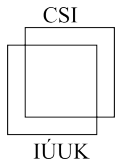


# Flexibility of triangle-free planar graphs

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# List coloring and choosability

## List coloring

A **list assignment** for a graph  $G$  is a function that to each vertex  $v \in V(G)$  assigns a set  $L(v)$  of colors, and an  **$L$ -coloring** is a proper coloring  $\phi$  such that  $\phi(v) \in L(v)$  for all  $v \in V(G)$ .

## Choosability

The **choosability** of graph  $G$  is the minimum integer  $k$  such that  $G$  has an  $L$ -coloring for every assignment  $L$  of lists of size at least  $k$ .

## Flexibility

Satisfying a precoloring on a **constant fraction of precolored vertices**, for ordinary proper coloring, the answer is **always positive** as long as any coloring of the graph using the fixed number of colors exists.

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### Request

A **request** for a graph  $G$  with a list assignment  $L$  is a function  $r$  with  $\text{dom}(r) \subseteq V(G)$  such that  $r(v) \in L(v)$  for all  $v \in \text{dom}(r)$ .

### $\varepsilon$ -satisfiable request

For  $\varepsilon > 0$ , a request  $r$  is  **$\varepsilon$ -satisfiable** if there exists an  $L$ -coloring  $\phi$  of  $G$  such that  $\phi(v) = r(v)$  for at least  $\varepsilon|\text{dom}(r)|$  vertices  $v \in \text{dom}(r)$ .

### $\varepsilon$ -flexibility

We say that  $G$  with the list assignment  $L$  is  **$\varepsilon$ -flexible** if every request is  $\varepsilon$ -satisfiable.

## Weighted flexibility

### Weighted request

Let  $L$  be a list assignment for a graph  $G$ . A **weighted request** is a function  $w$  that to each pair  $(v, c)$  with  $c \in L(v)$  assigns a nonnegative real number.

### $\varepsilon$ -satisfiable request

Let  $w(G, L) = \sum_{v \in V(G), c \in L(v)} w(v, c)$ . For  $\varepsilon > 0$ , we say that  $w$  is  **$\varepsilon$ -satisfiable** if there exists an  $L$ -coloring  $\phi$  of  $G$  such that

$$\sum_{v \in V(G)} w(v, \phi(v)) \geq \varepsilon w(G, L).$$

### Weighted $\varepsilon$ -flexibility

We say that  $G$  with the list assignment  $L$  is **weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible** if every weighted request is  $\varepsilon$ -satisfiable.

## Previous results

### Theorem (Dvořák, Norin, Postle 16')

For every integer  $d \geq 0$ , there exists  $\varepsilon > 0$  such that every  $d$ -degenerate graph with an assignment of lists of size at least  $d + 2$  is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.

### Theorem (Dvořák, Norin, Postle 16')

For every integer  $d \geq 0$ , there exists  $\varepsilon > 0$  as follows. If  $G$  is a graph of maximum average degree less than  $d + 1 + 2/(d + 4)$  then  $G$  with an assignment of lists of size  $d + 2$  is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.

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### Theorem (Dvořák, Norin, Postle 16')

There exists  $\varepsilon > 0$  such that every planar graph  $G$  with an assignment of lists of size 6 is ~~weighted~~  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.

## Previous results

### Corollary

There exists  $\varepsilon > 0$  such that each planar graph

- of girth 4 with assignment of lists of size 5 is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.
- of girth 5 with assignment of lists of size 4 is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.
- of girth 10 with assignment of lists of size 3 is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.



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Euler's formula trivially implies that planar triangle-free graphs are 4-choosable and that planar graphs of girth 6 are 3-choosable.

## Our results

Theorem (Dvořák, TM, Musílek, Pangrác 17+)

There exists  $\varepsilon > 0$  such that each planar **triangle-free** graph with assignment of lists of size **4** is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.

## Our results

Theorem (Dvořák, TM, Musílek, Pangrác 17+)

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Theorem (Dvořák, TM, Musílek, Pangrác 17+)

There exists  $\varepsilon > 0$  such that each planar graph of girth **6** with assignment of lists of size **3** is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.

## Schema of the proof(s)

- 1 Lemma by Dvořák, Norin, Postle 16'
- 2 Reducible configuration
- 3 Discharging

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For all integers  $g, k \geq 3$  and  $b \geq 1$ , there exists  $\varepsilon > 0$  as follows. Let  $G$  be a graph of girth at least  $g$ . If for every  $Z \subseteq V(G)$ , the graph  $G[Z]$  contains an induced  $(g - 3, k)$ -reducible subgraph  $H$  with at most  $b$  vertices, then  $G$  with any assignment of lists of size at least  $k$  is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.

- 1 for every vertex  $v \in V(H)$ ,  $H$  is  $L$ -colorable for every assignment  $L$ , such that  $|L(v)| = 1$  and  $|L(w)| \geq \deg_H(w)$  for all  $w \neq v$ ,
- 2 for every  $(g - 3)$ -independent set  $S$  of size at most  $k - 2$ ,  $H$  is  $L$ -colorable for every assignment  $L$  such that  $|L(v)| \geq \deg_H(v) - 1$  for  $v \in S$  and  $|L(v)| \geq \deg_H(v)$  otherwise.

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For all integers  $a$  and  $b \geq 1$ , there exists  $\varepsilon > 0$  as follows. Let  $G$  be a graph of girth 4. If for every  $Z \subseteq V(G)$ , the graph  $G[Z]$  contains an induced (1, 4)-reducible subgraph  $H$  with at most  $b$  vertices, then  $G$  with any assignment of lists of size at least 4 is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible.

- 1 for every vertex  $v \in V(H)$ ,  $H$  is  $L$ -colorable for every assignment  $L$ , such that  $|L(v)| = 1$  and  $|L(w)| \geq \deg_H(w)$  for all  $w \neq v$ ,
- 2 for every independent set  $S$  of size at most 2,  $H$  is  $L$ -colorable for every assignment  $L$  such that  $|L(v)| \geq \deg_H(v) - 1$  for  $v \in S$  and  $|L(v)| \geq \deg_H(v)$  otherwise.

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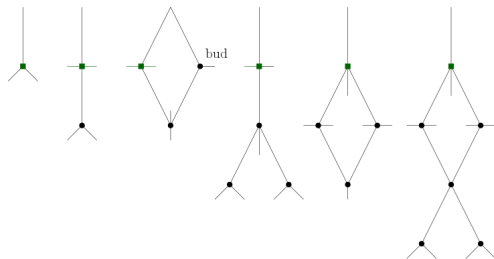
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- Vertices of degree at most 2,
- Two adjacent vertices of degree 3.

## Schema of the proof(s)

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Let  $C$  be an outer face and each  $(\leq 5)$ -cycle bounds a face.  
A vertex  $v \notin V(C)$  of degree  $d \geq 3$  st. it has  $d - 1$   $(v, C)$ -good neighbors using distinct buds.

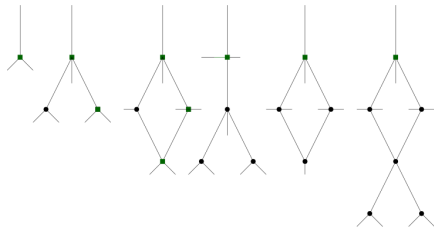




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- 1 Lemma by Dvořák, Norin, Postle 16'
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Let  $C$  be an outer face and each  $(\leq 5)$ -cycle bounds a face.  
A vertex of  $G$  of degree **5** contained in a **4-face**  $vv_1v_2v_3$  such that  $\deg(v_1) = \deg(v_3) = 3$ ,  $\deg(v_2) = 4$ , and  $v, v_1, v_2, v_3 \notin V(C)$  st. it has a  $(v, C)$ -**excellent** neighbor  $x$  distinct from  $v_1$  and  $v_3$ .



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## Open questions

Does there exist  $\varepsilon > 0$  such that every planar graph with an assignment of lists of size **5** is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible? Or at least  $\varepsilon$ -flexible?

Does there exist  $\varepsilon > 0$  such that every planar graph of girth at least **5** with an assignment of lists of size **3** is weighted  $\varepsilon$ -flexible? Or at least  $\varepsilon$ -flexible?

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Thank you for your attention!